

Chapter 14 Vocabulary

Essential Question: What forces work for and against supranational cooperation among nations?

1. European Union (EU): a supranational organization through which a number of European countries work together on shared issues
2. supranational cooperation: a form of international cooperation in which countries give up some control of their affairs as they work together to achieve shared goals
3. centripetal forces: the forces that unite people and countries
4. centrifugal forces: the forces that divide people and countries
5. common market: a group of countries that acts as a single market, without trade barriers between member countries
6. tariffs: a tax on goods that cross country borders
7. currency: the bills and coins used as money in a particular country or group of countries
8. euro: the unit of currency used in many countries of the European Union
9. trade bloc: a group of countries that work together to promote trade with one another
10. cultural identity: a feeling of belonging to a group that shares the same culture, or way of life.
11. diversity: a variety or wide range of differences